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Statement

By

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At

**The 6th session of the Intergovernmental Negotiations on the
Post-2015 Development Agenda**

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Please Check Against Delivery

Regarding means of implementation, my delegation wishes to point out that the level of ambition of the post-2015 development agenda is too high to be achieved using the current work methods and technologies. In light of this, we would like to emphasize the need to ensure that a mechanism is put in place to enable the scientific and technological community to step forward to the center-stage of action and offer game-changing relevant technology for implementation of the agenda.

Despite the rhetoric, the document lacks specific deliverables on leaving no one behind with regard to means of implementation. As the G77 has pointed out, means of implementation constitute an integral part of the agenda and it will be important that the ambitious transformative agenda where no one is left behind must be matched with commensurate means of implementation. So far, the vision for development financing fails to engage with this pledge to leave no one behind.

The implication of a renewed global partnership for development in a post-2015 context is that we must provide a strong foundation to formulate a global agenda for development by reaffirming the level of ambition reflected in the commitments made in relation to trade, finance, debt, and technology transfer and medicines, while addressing the special needs of the most vulnerable countries. This will be very important for the success of the new development agenda.

Follow up and review

Co-Facilitators,

The private sector is a critical constituency for the realization of the Post-2015 development agenda. Strategically employed, its sheer innovative and financial muscle can be a significant positive force of change. The private sector should accordingly be treated as a potential ally for governments in driving the Post-2015 development agenda. We therefore need to provide room for systematic engagement with private sector particularly at the national level.

At the same time the responsibility allocated to non-state actors must be carefully considered so as to avoid undue interference with the responsibility of States, while balancing that against the need to ensure that all actors are held accountable for their role in implementing the framework.

As a facilitator, the UN system will have to realign itself in such a way as to focus on areas where member states would most benefit from its expertise and competencies. In the same vein, other partners will also need to concentrate their support on priorities of national governments within the framework of enhanced global partnerships.